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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/588,875	06/06/2000	Shekhar Kirani	LS/0003.01	1069
JUDITH A. SZEPESI BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			EXAMINER	
			ENGLAND, DAVID E	
	12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90025		2443		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/588,875	KIRANI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	DAVID E. ENGLAND	2143
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DESTRICTION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 A This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 71-90 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 71-90 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	awn from consideration. or election requirement.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct should be a should be acceptable. The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 71 - 90 are presented for examination.

Specification

2. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The claim language of "computer readable medium" found in newly added claims 78 – 84 is not defined or found in the specification. It is asked that the Applicant amend the claim language to a memory of some type that is executed by a processor that is supported by the specification, instead of the stated "computer readable medium".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 71 90 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagatomo et al. (6334126), hereinafter Nagatomo, in view of Tso et al. (6421733), hereinafter Tso.

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- 5. As per claim 71, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches a method of providing digital photographic images by a server, comprising:
- 6. receiving a request to view a digital photographic image from a client, the request including at least one of a session identifier, a user identifier or a photo identifier, (e.g., col. 10, lines 24 64, terminal ID and search resulting in an image.); identifying a device type of the client, (e.g., col. 9, lines 4 7 & Figure 7A);
- 7. determining capabilities of the client based on the identified device type, (e.g., col. 9, lines 4 7 & Figure 7A);
- 8. selecting an image format appropriate to the capabilities of the client, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15);
- 9. determining whether a version of the digital photographic image having the selected image format is stored by the server, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15);

if the version of the digital photographic image having the selected image format is not stored at the server, generating said version of the digital photographic image by decompressing the digital photographic image to generate a bitmap in a color scheme that was used to generate the digital photographic image, converting the bitmap of the digital photographic image to a standard intermediate format, and mapping the standard intermediate format of the digital photographic image to the selected image format, (e.g., Figures 7A – 8 & col. 10, line 59 – col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 – col. 15, line 15); and

transmitting the version of the digital photographic image having the selected image format to the client, (e.g., Figures 7A - 8 & col. 10, line 59 - col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 - col. 15,

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line 15), but does not specifically teach these steps involving an available communication bandwidth for transmissions between the server and the client.

- 10. Tso teaches the use of an available communication bandwidth for transmissions between the server and the client, (e.g., col. 7, lines 15-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Tso with Nagatomo since it may be advantageous for a system to restrict what is sent to a client if their device cannot communicate at a rate of other computers, i.e., wireless and wireline, therefore making for a faster transmission of data to devices such as PDAs and cellphones, Tso column 16, line 63 et. seq.
- 11. As per claim 72, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches at least one of the device type or the capabilities of the client are reported to the server by the client, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15).
- 12. As per claim 73, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches comparing the device type of the client to a knowledge database to determine the capabilities of the client, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15).
- 13. As per claim 74, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches receiving user preferences, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15); and

14. selecting the image format based on the user preferences, (e.g., Figures 7A – 8 & col. 10, line 59 – col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 – col. 15, line 15).

- 15. As per claim 75, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches storing the capabilities of the client in an information record once the capabilities of the client are determined, wherein the information record facilitates determining capabilities of the client for future transactions, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16 & col. 14, line 46 col. 15, line 15).
- 16. As per claim 76, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo does not specifically teach inferring a communication transport used for communications between the server and the client based on the device type.
- 17. Tso teaches inferring a communication transport used for communications between the server and the client based on the device type, (e.g., col. 7, lines 15-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Tso with Nagatomo for similar reasons stated above.
- 18. As per claim 77, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Nagatomo teaches determining the capabilities of the client includes determining an annotation format supported by the client, the method further comprising:
- 19. dynamically formatting annotations associated with the image to the annotation format that is supported by the client, (e.g., Figures 7A 8 & col. 10, line 59 col. 11, line 16, text +

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image, col. 14, line 46 – col. 15, line 15).

20. The teachings to claims 78 – 91 can be found in the cited areas used to reject claims 71 – 77, for they are virtually identical in nature.

Response to Arguments

- 21. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 71 90 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 22. It is advised that the Applicant review the prior art not relied upon below and cited in previous action, for they can also be utilized in another rejection.

Conclusion

- 23. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 24. a. Whitledge et al. U.S. Patent No. 6925595 discloses Method and system for content conversion of hypertext data using data mining.
- 25. b. Barnsley et al. U.S. Patent No. 5347600 discloses Method and apparatus for compression and decompression of digital image data.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to DAVID E. ENGLAND whose telephone number is (571)272-

3912. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tonia Dollinger can be reached on 571-272-4170. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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David E. England Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2143

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Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2143